STAFF NEWS

MARCH-APRIL
1982

THE STARKLY MODERN, SNOW-WHITE FINLANDIA HALL in the heart of Helsinki will be the setting for the 18th meeting of the Interim Committee on May 12 and the morning of May 13 under the chairmanship of Allan J. MacEachen, the Canadian Deputy Prime Minister and Minister of Finance. After the Interim Committee has adjourned, the Joint Development Committee will hold its 18th meeting, which will begin on the afternoon of May 13 and continue on May 14. As before, these two major meetings will be preceded by a number of related meetings; those of the Group of 24 representing the developing countries, which will meet at both Deputies' and Ministerial levels, and the Group of 10 industrial countries, which will convene at ministerial level.

The agenda for the Interim Committee's meeting will cover the current world economic outlook, and Fund policies and activities--including the Executive Board's report on the eighth general review of quotas and the Managing Director's report on the question on an SDR allocation for the fourth basic period. As previously, it is expected that Chairman MacEachen and the Managing Director will hold a press conference following the meeting.

The first duty facing the Development Committee will be to select a chairman to replace David Ibarra Muñoz, the former Secretary of Finance and Public Credit of Mexico. The Committee's agenda is expected to include a discussion of the status of lending operations for multilateral institutions, consideration of non-concessional flows and cofinancing, and consideration of a progress report on the Task Force on Concessional Flows.

The Finlandia Hall with its adjoining Congress wing is often called the pearl of the modern architecture of a country that prides itself on its sense of design; it is a spectacular setting for international conferences. It has been the host to conferences of UNESCO and the World Congress of Mathematicians and is perhaps best known as the forum for the Conference on Security and Cooperation in Europe, which led to the Helsinki agreements, in which the participants undertook to collaborate in promoting international detente. The hall, which was completed in 1971, was designed by Alvar Aalto and is built of white Carrara marble. The main auditorium can accommodate some 1,700 persons, and the second largest hall about 900. In addition, there are rooms for 450 and 350, as well as a number of smaller meeting rooms and administrative offices, a restaurant, chamber music hall, radio and television studios, and other services. The Hall is exceptionally well-equipped with the most advanced designs in closed-circuit television, overhead projectors, a simultaneous interpretation system, and loudspeakers.

THE MANAGING DIRECTOR'S INTENSIVE SPEAKING SCHEDULE has taken him so far this year to Davos, in Switzerland, Minneapolis, Toronto, and Paris, where through public statements in a number of different fora, he has outlined the severe problems facing the world economy and the role of the Fund in assisting its member countries tackling them.

In January, Mr. de Larosiere delivered an address before the European Management Forum's 1982 Symposium in Davos on the subject of the "Structural Adjustment Problems in the Industrial Countries." In this address he paid particular attention to the areas of trade protectionism, wage bargaining and price setting, and public finance. He noted that "if the industrial countries are to grapple successfully with stagflation, policy measures will have to be taken over a broad front." He further stressed that "member countries must not turn away from these policies. Such a course would leave them worse off. Instead they must expand their ties with each other and strengthen the authority and the means of the international institutions."

The unique role of the Fund was addressed by the Managing Director in a speech on March 4 to the French-American Chamber of Commerce, meeting in Minneapolis. Speaking on "The Need for International Economic Adjustment: The Role of the IMF," Mr. de Larosiere noted that while the Fund must play its part in assisting members to devise and carry out appropriate adjustment policies, the real efforts and political commitment must come from the countries themselves.

The problems of stagflation and the need for effective adjustment policies were again the Managing Director's theme on March 10, when he delivered an address on "Charting the Course to Lasting Economic Recovery" to the Investment Dealers Association of Canada. In particular, he supported the Canadian authorities' anti-inflation stance and underlined the importance of continuing to adhere to their policies.

Emphasizing that "great pressures for public expenditure have, over the years, brought us to the present situation where, in many industrial countries, large fiscal deficits often coexist with high tax burdens," the Managing Director discussed the issue of "Restoring Fiscal Discipline: A Vital Policy of Economic Recovery," on March 16 in an address to the American Enterprise Institute in Washington D.C. In his remarks, Mr. de Larosiere reviewed the causes of the explosion in public expenditure in recent years, the limits to taxation in the current situation, the serious consequences of fiscal imbalances, and some possible corrective actions that might be taken. He emphasized that each country must solve the problems in its own way and that the solutions would take time and political courage. In particular, policies pursued at the national level must be internationally cooperative, he said.

The theme of cooperation was stressed again by the Managing Director in Paris on April 1, when he spoke to the Chambre Nationale des Conseillers Financiers on the subject of "Economic Adjustment in the Developing Countries and the Industrial Countries: the Need for Complementarity." Specific critical areas of concern for the developing countries which he surveyed were those of fiscal and monetary policies, trade policy, and aid policy. He then analyzed the requirements for adjustment in the developing countries and some possible strategies for growth. In concluding, he emphasized that "economic policy decisions today can no longer be viewed in isolation from their international context. There is, in a very real sense, a world economy--woven together by economic, financial, and technological links. The concept of the closed economy no longer has any meaning in the real world. Economic interdependence is a fact of life."

THE IMF AND ITS CRITICS, a pamphlet by Bahram Nowzad, Assistant Director in ETR, was recently published by the International Finance Division of Princeton University's Department of Economics in its series, Essays in International Finance. Copies are available from the Fund's Publications Unit at a price of $1.75.

THE ANNUAL PHOTOGRAPHIC EXHIBITION of the International Camera Club was on display in the Atrium from March 1-26. Altogether, a total of 175 photographs were selected for exhibition. In addition to 103 slides and 2 black and white photographs that had been winners in the ICC monthly contests during the past year and which had thus been automatically accepted for exhibition, the display included 56 slides, 5 black and white photographs, and 9 color prints chosen from a total of 556 entries submitted by ICC members. The judges for the event were Carolyn Despard, Picture Editor for Smithsonian Magazine, Susan Rathsack, Exhibits Coordinator for Colorfax Laboratories, and George Suzuki, a well-known area photographer.

After considerable deliberation, the prize for the best slide print was awarded to "Guanajuato, Mexico," (above left) by Christoph Diewald of the World Bank. The award for the best color print went to Dagmar Muten, wife of Leif Muten of the Fiscal Affairs Department, for her print "Morning Fog" (above right). The first prize for best black and white print also was awarded to Mr. Diewald for his print "Maple Leaves." Second in the color slide category was "Bresson-One" by Ghazali Raheem of the Bank, and third was "Subject and Artist" by Martin King, also of the Bank. Honorable Mentions were awarded to Bank staff Maurice Asseo, Michael Wishart, Judith Press, Judy Reisman, Magdalena Rodenas, Mr. Diewald, Jerome Kreuser, Bernard Kopp, Colin Warren, David McMurray, and Curt Carnemark.

Mr. Diewald says he took his first-place picture a few years ago when he was living in Mexico. While walking through the old central Mexican town of Guanajuato, the capital of the state of that name, he was struck by the composition of one of the side streets, with its eerie colors and clearly-defined angles. When a boy came running into the scene, the picture was made. Mr. Diewald used a Canon EF camera and a 50 mm lens for his shot. His black and white prize-winning composition was very simple, he reports. All he did was to take a maple leaf from a tree outside his house, place it on photographic paper, expose it, and develop the result.

Mrs. Muten took her prize-winning print while on a vacation in the Schleswig-Holstein region of North Germany, an area that some call the "Switzerland of Germany." "It is an area of many lakes," she recalls, "and I like to go out early in the morning at the place where my parents live while the colors are subdued and misty." Mrs. Muten uses her photographs as an inspiration for her subsequent watercolors, in which she recaptures the same evocative and hazy atmosphere. Our group photograph shows the members of the Executive Council of the ICC. President Christina Hoedemaker is flanked by, from the left, Ghazali Raheem Bank Publicity), Mila Tuason (Secretary), Klaus-Walter Riechel (Fund Publicity), Maurice Asseo (Ex Officio Member), Elvira Bagares (Special Events), and Michael Wishart (Programs).

BELIZE BECAME THE 145th MEMBER OF THE FUND on March 16 when Edmund Marshalleck, Financial Secretary of Belize, signed the Articles of Agreement in Washington. The picture on the right shows Mr. Marshalleck signing the instruments. He is flanked by H.E. Cain, Head of the Belize Monetary Authority on the left, and by two senior government officers on the right.

Situated on the east coast of Central America and bordered on the north by Mexico and on the west and south by Guatemala, Belize is a country with a diverse topography, where a low-lying plain in the north turns into a mountainous mass, known as the Maya Mountains, in the south.

Belize's population of 145,000 is employed primarily in the agricultural sector, especially in the production of sugar, citrus, bananas, and rice. The country also possesses large forestry resources, and geological evidence indicates a good possibility that it has significant deposits of oil and gas both on and offshore.

"THE UNDERGROUND ECONOMY IN THE UNITED STATES AND ABROAD" is the subject of a recently published book edited by Vito Tanzi, Director of the Fund's Fiscal Affairs Department, who is also one of the contributors to the book. Even now there is relatively little agreement on what is meant by the term underground economy or, what may be more important, its size. Mr. Tanzi's book compares various definitions and measurement techniques and considers the relative importance of the underground economy to a nation's economic well-being. In addition to analyzing the underground economy of the United States, Mr. Tanzi's latest book includes articles that deal with the hidden economies of the United Kingdom, Italy, Norway, Sweden, the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics, Canada, Colombia, Australia, and Israel. The Underground Economy in the United States and Abroad is published in the United States and Canada by Lexington Books.

THE FUND'S TELECOMMUNICATIONS NEEDS are currently being studied by consultants from the firm of Arthur D. Little, Inc. The consultants, who began work in early February, have been commissioned to recommend the installation of a modern and cost effective telephone and data transmission system that will be capable of meeting both the Fund's current and future requirements.

The project is being undertaken at this time for a number of reasons. First, the present Fund-World Bank Centrex II system is now almost saturated, as well as being cumbersome to manage. Second, while Centrex II provides adequate telephone service, it is seen to be deficient in data transmission capabilities, an area which is becoming increasingly important to the Fund. Third, the construction of the Phase IIa addition to the Fund building is now reaching a point at which decisions must be taken on the type of telecommunications network to be installed. Clearly, if a more modern system is desirable, it would be best to install it at the outset, rather than have to face, at a later stage, the cost of removing one system and installing another. Finally, there are a large number of different telecommunications systems on the market--produced by Bell and other manufacturers--which are capable of doing the job and which have to be evaluated.

Since the necessary technical expertise for such a complex study is not available in the Fund, it was decided to hire a consulting firm which would be technically qualified, have extensive experience with projects similar to the Fund's, and be well versed in the current technology of data and voice communications equipment and networks. Eight firms were requested to submit proposals for the project and, after careful consideration, Arthur D. Little was selected. The consultant team is headed by Robert Campbell, with Cliff Worth as his assistant. Both men have many years of direct experience in the field. Other representatives of the firm's telecommunications staff, which numbers more than 50, will conduct interviews and analyses. The project will be coordinated for the Fund by Linda Seal and George Morgan of the Service and Supply Section of the Administrative Services Division. Our photograph shows Ms. Seal and Mr. Morgan, on the right, with Mr. Campbell (seated), Terri Tavares (also of Arthur D. Little), and Mr. Worth.

The consultants are expected to take between six months and a year to complete their study, which will be conducted in the following stages:

* Project Initiation
* Fact-Finding/Requirements Analysis
* System/Network Development
* Implementation Planning and Organization
* Assistance during Implementation

Although a number of staff members will be working very closely with the consultants during all stages of their work, including the newly established Executive Committee for Computing Services, the most intensive staff involvement will come during the second stage of the project--that of fact finding and requirements analysis. During this stage the Fund's current telecommunications and data transmission system will be documented; present traffic will be analyzed; and the existing and projected needs will be identified. A telecommunications model will be developed from which the Fund's short-, intermediate-, and long-range telecommunications requirements will be established, covering such services as voice, management information, and electronic data processing communications, as well as the requirements of the electronic office. One important element of this fact-finding work will be a series of interviews which will be conducted by members of the consulting team with staff members at various levels in virtually every department. Particular attention will naturally be paid to those areas in the Fund in which data transmission systems are either in place or are envisaged. Mr. Morgan and Ms. Seal will be making interview arrangements with departmental Administrative Officers in the coming weeks.

Once the data from these interviews have been recorded and analyzed, the consultants will be able to move on to designing and specifying a number of alternative telecommunications systems to meet both the immediate needs for the Phase IIa extension and for the longer term. After a particular system has been approved by the Fund, they will then develop a plan and time schedule for its installation.

THE IMPORTANCE OF GOOD GOVERNMENT FINANCE STATISTICS for the conduct of national economic policy was discussed in a week-long seminar held this past February in Dakar. The seminar, which was organized by the Central Bank of West African States (BCEAO), was conducted by three members of the Fund's Bureau of Statistics--Giselle Devaux, Jonathan Levin, and Alwyn Pritchard--together with the staff of the BCEAO and Pierre Demangel, a former Fund consultant now with the French Ministry of Economy and Finante. The photograph on the left shows our staff members and other seminar leaders at one of the sessions.

Seminar participants included directors (or their deputies) of budget, Treasury, and central bank research departments from the six BCEAO countries (Benin, the Ivory Coast, Niger, Senegal, Togo, and Upper Volta), as well as Fund GFS correspondents and staff from the BCEAO. The seminar was held at the Hotel Teranga, which also housed the participants for the duration. The Governor of the BCEAO, the Honorable Abdoulaye Fadiga, addressed the opening session, which was carried on national television. Mr. Fadiga called for closer coordination between monetary and fiscal policies and underlined the need for adquate government finance statistics.

Between plenary sessions, the participants were divided into small working groups assigned to analyze three case studies and propose appropriate solutions. The case studies were prepared by Fund staff to demonstrate the main principles of the Fund's approach to government finance statistics. The photograph on the right shows members of one of the study groups.

On the final day of the seminar, each national delegation prepared an action plan for its country, and the seminar adopted a set of recommendations and conclusions to be presented to the BCEAO Council of Ministers. The main recommendations were for the formation of a special unit in each country to compile government finance statistics, for Fund and BCEAO assistance in sensitizing national officials to the effects of budgetary performance on monetary and balance of payments developments and to the need for adequate government finance statistics, and for increased cooperation between Fund missions and the Fund's GFS correspondent in each country.

HIS RETURN TO ANTIGUA AND BARBUDA with one of the Fund's acquaintance missions was for John Kay, of the Secretary's Department, something of a sentimental journey: "Next to me on the 1,200 mile flight from Miami was a lively, relaxed man who was addressed as 'Mr. Delisle.' The mention of his name immediately triggered memories of an earlier visit to Antigua some 18 years before, when I had been sent to Coolidge Airfield on assignment for the 'Barbados Daily News' to witness the arrival from London of the first British West Indies Airways flight to use the Bristol Britannia four-engine turboprop airliner. The day had been overcast, chilly even, but the occasion was enlivened for me by an introduction to one of the authentic aviation pioneers of the region, Mr. Delisle, who had built up Leeward Islands Air Transport. Eighteen years later, after many turns of the business cycle, Mr. Delisle again had an air service of his own--Antigua Air Services--with three six-seater aircraft. Mr. Delisle parted from the Fund mission and me at St. Maarten, to fly himself to Barbuda, one of the few regularly to visit that little-known island."

On his latest visit, as Antigua and Barbuda were about to become the 144th member of the Fund (see February's issue of Staff News), Mr. Kay saw a more developed city in Antigua's capital, St. John's. But, as he tells it, "there are still not that very many member countries where a Fund team or mission can expect to be housed in large rooms with patios looking onto white sand, a brilliant turquoise sea beyond, huge orange setting sun staring into windows, and palm trees bending protectively overhead."

Mr. Kay notes that "there are said to be 365 bays in Antigua, many of which have a hotel, some of them quite luxurious. The topography makes it possible to swim in the Caribbean in the morning, drive across the island, and then swim in the Atlantic in the afternoon, if one is so minded, at a beautiful curving bay, isolated from the comparative bustle of the west coast." It is interesting to note that some of Antigua's bays played a part in history. Mr. Kay says that "English Harbor, which is now a haven for yachtsmen, in the 1780s was the headquarters of Horatio Lord Nelson. It was then esteemed for the excellent shelter it afforded from hurricanes, even though it was large enough to hold a couple of 74-gun ships of the line and a number of frigates besides."

Whether one has spent the day working on a mission or relaxing as a tourist, St. John's offers a number of attractive restaurants, as well as evening entertainment. Mr. Kay recalls one seafood restaurant near the hotel that featured Caribbean turtle and which was run by a young woman from Beltsville, Maryland, who had married a Trinidadian. Mr. Kay also recalls with particular fondness two agreeable courtyard restaurants, one of which had an excellent four-piece "pan" (steel drum) band with a leader who gave a beat by banging a metal plate on his bald head while he conducted.

The capital, which stretches only some half dozen blocks in each direction, is largely devoted to the business of government but, as is so often the case, it was above all those nongovernmental activities that stuck in Mr. Kay's memory. Like the taxi driver who spent a small part of his working life in his vehicle. For the rest of the time he was a cook in a barge carrying sand from Antigua to the U.S. mainland, a round-trip that can often take as long as three weeks. Or the groups that gathered at the old government wharf playing the national game of O'Warri, the mahogany board game which is also found throughout the African continent.

The atmosphere of Antigua is relaxed, so relaxed in fact that it appears the only people who normally wear ties are missionaries. This gave rise to considerable confusion, Mr. Kay relates. It seems that the soberly-dressed representatives of the Fund went about their highly confidential business only to be greeted by market-stall owners with the question: "What is your mission?..."

THE ABSTRACT WATERCOLORS OF RICHARD DEMPSEY were on display in the Atrium from March 4 to April 2 in an exhibition sponsored by the Art Society with the cooperation of Franz Bader, the art gallery owner. Most of the works on display were painted in 1975 and 1976, after the artist had completed a six-month sojourn in Jamaica. This was a period in the artist's career in which he transformed his work from recognizable imagery to pure abstract expressionism. Other works at the exhibition reflect the artist's reaction to his impressions of North Carolina.

SAMUEL I. KATZ completed his tenure as Editor of Finance and Development at the end of February 1982. He joined the Fund/Bank publication in 1977 on a part-time basis, while concurrently discharging his duties as Professor of International Economics at Georgetown University's School of Foreign Service and as Director of the Georgetown University Bankers Forum. From 1948 until 1974, when he joined Georgetown University as Assistant Professor of International Economics, Mr. Katz had been a staff member and Adviser in the Federal Reserve System's Division of International Finance. Mr. Katz has also held several visiting appointments at universities in both the United States and the United Kingdom. He was also the author of numerous monographs and articles on international monetary affairs. In addition, in 1979 he edited a book, U.S.-European Monetary Relations, for the American Enterprise Institute.

CORRECTION: The photograph appearing on the left on page 12 of the February issue of Staff News contained an incorrect identification. The persons appearing in the photograph should have been identified as Vito Tanzi, Director, Fiscal Affairs Department on the left, R.O. Khalid, Deputy Director, Fiscal Affairs Department on the right, and a participant in the seminar in the middle. We regret the error.

New Members of Fund Staff

Miss Z. Abdallah Bakhashuwein
Yemen, P.D.R. - Support Group

Mr. Alfredo Baumgarten, Jr.
Brazil - WHD

Ms. Anne E. Brooks
Germany - OMD

Mr. David M. Cheney
U.S. - EXR

Miss Susan M. Christian
U.K. - TRE

Mr. Etienne H. De Smet
Belgium - TRE

Mr. Wolfgang Moerke
Germany - OED

Ms. Erika Stokes
Germany - BLS

A CAMPAIGN IS UNDERWAY IN THE FUND to raise money for the reconstruction of the Filene Center at Wolf Trap. Anyone who has enjoyed performances in the beautiful setting of Wolf Trap will be eager to see the Center rebuilt as soon as possible, but this can only occur if there is a generous response to the nationwide appeal for contributions. All those wishing to contribute should give their checks, payable to The Wolf Trap Foundation, to the person collecting for their department, or to Joan Aghevli (Room 6-206), by May 14. The donations will then be presented to The Wolf Trap Foundation in the name of the staff of the Fund. Please let your donation reflect the value you place on the arts, and give generously.

STAFF MEMBERS HOLDING G(iv) VISAS should be aware of the eligibility criteria used by U.S. immigration authorities to grant G(iv) visa status to family members. Under U.S. immigration legislation, G(iv) visas are issued to officers or employees of international organizations and to members of their immediate families. The U.S. Code of Federal Regulations, Vol. 22, Part 41.1, defines immediate family as "close relatives who are members of the immediate family by blood, marriage, or adoption, who are not members of some other household, and who will reside regularly in the household of the principal alien." It should be noted that the U.S. Federal Regulations do not stipulate that someone defined as a member of the immediate family must be receiving more than one-half of his/her annual support from the staff member. Therefore, a member of the immediate family does not necessarily have to be recognized by the Fund as a dependent of the staff member in order to be eligible for a G(iv) visa. Accordingly, it can be envisaged that a member of the immediate family who ceases to be a dependent for purposes of the Fund's Dependency Allowance policy, may continue to retain G(iv) visa status, provided he/she continues to reside regularly in the staff member's household.

A NEW SEASON AT BRETTON WOODS is already well under way, with active programs in golf, tennis, and soccer, and the planned introduction of a babysitting facility on weekends. Although the official 1982 pool season will not begin until May 29, the pool will be open on the weekends of May 15 and 16 and May 22 and 23 for members wishing to get a head start with their suntans.

In the 1982 season there are several new reforms that should please many members. First, for the added convenience of members, the Board of Directors has reduced use of the Center by outside groups. Also, a membership drive is under way, and ideas for improving the Center are being looked at afresh. Third, there is a new half-price weekday membership for Fund staff members who were not members of BWRC as of April 1, 1982.

The BWRC Board of Directors urges all members to attend the Annual Meeting on Friday, April 23, at 3:30 p.m. in Room 5-108, to vote for four of the six candidates that are standing for election. This meeting will provide members with the perfect opportunity to let the Directors and management of the Center know of their concerns, commendations, and ideas.

TWENTY YEAR STAFF. Mr. Ronald E. Miles, Administration Department, commemorated twenty years of service with the Fund in February.

TWENTY-FIVE YEAR STAFF. Mr. Joseph Koenig, Treasurer's Department, and Mrs. Kirsten Leslie, Administration Department, commemorated twenty-five years of service with the Fund in March.

MARRIAGES. Mr. J. Gier Pedersen, of the Office of Executive Directors, married Charlotte Trine Risum on January 5, and Miss Kathleen L. Sears, of the Legal Department, married Mr. Stephen B. Rochelle on March 20.

BABIES. A daughter, Laura Maria, was born on December 8 to Mr. and Mrs. Cameron S. Jenkins (Helen); a son, Sean Michael, was born on January 3 to Mr. and Mrs. Benjamin Trapani, Jr.; a daughter, Esther Kirtana, was born on February 12 to Mr. and Mrs. Rajaseelan Sampson; a son, Jason Takuya, was born on February 20 to Mr. and Mrs. Kunio Nagashima (Kazuko); and a daughter, Nicole Elise, was born on March 10 to Mr. and Mrs. R. James Ruch (Belinda B.).

RETIREE. Mr. Henri H.P. King, of the Administration Department, retired from the Fund in March. Further details will be given in our next issue.

RESIGNATIONS. The following staff members resigned from the Fund: in February, Ms. Edda Fridgeirsdottir, Ms. Kathleen E. Landwehr, Mr. Graham D. Perrett, Ms. Aini Sani, Mr. Luigi Traettino, Mr. Richard J. Walton, and Ms. M. Linda Wilson; in March, Mr. E. James Caskey, Jr., Mrs. Solange M. Dini, Mr. Abdallah M. Farid, Mrs. Elise S. Giarimoustas, and Mr. Takashi Murakami.

DEATH OF RETIREE. Ms. Edna W. Swett, who retired in 1953, died in March.

STAFF TRANSFERS. The following staff members transferred: in February, Mrs. Emine Gurgen, from the European Department to the Asian Department; Mr. Michio Ishihara, from the Asian Department to the European Department; and Mr. Ignacio Tampe, from the Western Hemisphere Department to the post of Resident Representative in Paraguay; in March, Miss Mary J. Allen, from the Treasurer's Department to the Asian Department; Mr. Joris A. Buyse, from the Economist Program to the Western Hemisphere Department; Mr. Jean Alain Clement, from the Economist Program to the Exchange and Trade Relations Department; Mr. Martin J. Fetherston, from the Economist Program to the Fiscal Affairs Department; Mr. Samuel P.O. Itam, from the African Department to the Asian Department; Mr. Walter R. Mahler, Jr., from the Asian Department to the Fiscal Affairs Department; Mr. Alessandro Penati, from the Economist Program to the Research Department; and Mr. Piero Claudio Ugolini, from the Research Department to the African Department.

STAFF MEMBERS WHO WOULD LIKE TO PROVIDE HOUSING ACCOMMODATIONS to summer interns should contact the Staff Relations Unit as soon as possible. Although they are interested in hearing from anyone with available housing, the Unit is particularly looking for homes in the District of Columbia. The accommodations can be either for the full period of employment, which is usually about three months, or for a shorter period of time, such as when a staff member is on home leave or vacation. Any type of offer--from formal subleasing, to sharing a house or apartment, renting a room, or housesitting--would be appreciated. If you would like to provide such accommodations, please contact Rosemary Eory at the Staff Relations Unit, Ext. 73025.

STAFF **NEWS**

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